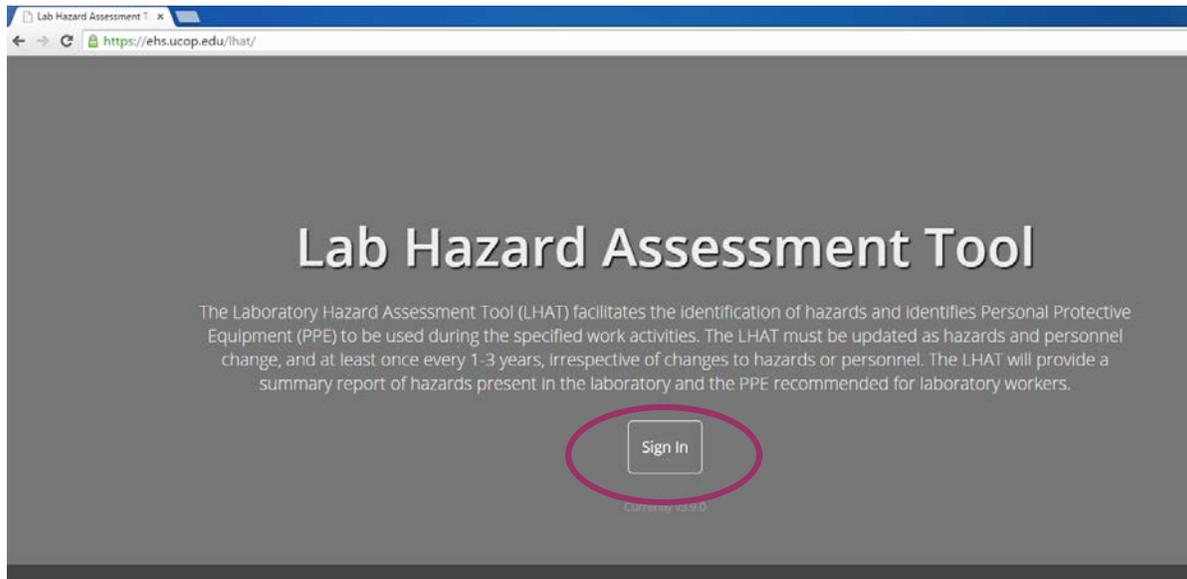


Safety Inspection Tool (SIT)

How-to-use tutorial



Sign in to Laboratory Hazard Assessment Tool (LHAT)
ehs.ucop.edu/lhat

What Can I Do In LHAT?

- + Objectives for the PI or Responsible Person*
- + Objectives for Laboratory Personnel
- + Objectives for Environmental Health & Safety (EH&S)

Select "LHAT" in the upper left hand corner to access the "UC Safety Dashboard"



Nicole Clark [Edit User Info](#)

The PI or Responsible Person (RP) must conduct hazard assessments specific to activities in their laboratories, including when new activities are adopted, or there is a modification of activities. A hazard assessment must occur at least once each calendar year. The Laboratory Hazard Assessment Tool (LHAT) identifies hazards to personnel and specifies Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to be used during work activities. The PI or Responsible Person must certify that the LHAT is complete and reflective of activities in their laboratories. EH&S personnel are available to assist with completing the Hazard Assessment form or with reviewing it once it has been completed. Your campus EH&S may also be consulted for specific questions regarding PPE requirements.

Your Lab Groups - [Create New](#)

Clark - Manage Lab (e.g. add delegate, invite people) [View Roster \(members: 4\)](#)

Hazard Assessment Training Print PPE Voucher (3)

My Faux Lab - Manage Lab - Lab group needs Hazard Assessment? [Create](#)

Test Location - Manage Lab - Hazard Assessment requires lab group to have locations. [Add locations](#)

Lab Group Memberships - Don't see your affiliated lab group? [Notify your PI or supervisor.](#)

The Minion Lab (PI / RP: Tiffany Kwok) - [Manage Lab](#) (e.g. invite people) [View Roster \(members: 2\)](#)
[View Certified Assessment \(11/18/2014\)](#)

Hazard Assessment Training Print PPE Voucher

CORE Lab (PI / RP: Ondra Carter) - [Manage Lab](#) - Lab group needs Hazard Assessment? [Create](#)

How to Obtain PPE

Campus PPE Coordinator Website Contact
UC Riverside
Nicole Clark, nicole.clark@ucr.edu
http://ehs.ucr.edu/laboratory/lhat/index.html
Storehouse: (951) 827-5542



EH&S Tools

Switch Profile
Transfer Group Ownership

Profile

Summary
My Training

Groups

Add

Clark
My Faux Lab
Test Location

Membership

CORE Lab
Environmental Health & Safety
The Minion Lab



Nicole Clark (UC Riverside)

Email [Add](#) [Preferred](#) [Remove](#) nicole.clark@ucr.edu (preferred)Phone [Add](#) [Preferred](#) [Remove](#) (951) 827-4254 (preferred)

Roles

EH&S Admin (UC Riverside)
Responsible Person (UC Riverside)

Under “Technology Solutions” select
“SIT (Safety Inspection Tool)”

Technology Solutions

LHAT (Laboratory Hazard Assessment Tool)

Enables PIs to identify laboratory hazards and PPE requirements for their lab personnel.

SIT (Safety Inspection Tool)

Automates the lifecycle of safety, and other inspections.

WASTE (Waste Accumulation Storage Tracking)

Provides tracking and tag generation to aid in proper and timely disposal of hazardous waste.

BIO (Biosafety Information System)

Facilitates the Biological Use Authorization application process.

RADICAL (Risk Assessment Determinations in Chemical Academic Laboratories)

Create, track, and share chemical experiment SOPs to reduce risk and increase laboratory safety.

CIS (Chemical Inventory System)

Enables researchers to manage chemical inventories in support of compliance with regulatory State and Federal Reporting.

CBIS (Chemical & Biological Inventory)

A tool for researchers handling chemicals to support their research functions. It includes the ability to search sequences, assays, and property data, and seamlessly synchronizes a PI's inventory with CIS.

OHSS (Occupational Health Surveillance System)

Coordinates the routing of workplace risk assessment and medical information to occupational health professionals to minimize risk in a research environment.

EFR (Employer's First Report)

An online system that satisfies Cal-OSHA requirements for employers to document and investigate reports of workplace injury.

FSTOP (Field Safety Travel Operations Planner)

Creates a field safety and travel operational plan that reduces risks and increases safety for participants.

HACEM (Hazard Assessment Chemical Exposure Monitoring)

Collect and tracks data related to the monitoring of campus research personnel for chemical exposures.

LMS (Learning Management System)

Learning Management System Integration Tools providing two-way synchronization of LMS training records.

Safety Inspection Tool

Schedule. Inspect. Report. Correct.

Reports

Current & past inspection reports



Appointment(s)

Upcoming appointments



Self Inspection

Choose a checklist to start a self inspection

Laboratory Safety Checklist

[Start Inspection](#)

This is the homepage viewed by the PI/Responsible Party or your assigned delegate.

Safety Inspection Tool

Schedule. Inspect. Report. Correct.

Reports

Current & past inspection reports



Appointment(s)

Upcoming appointments



Self Inspection

Choose a checklist to start a self inspection

Laboratory Safety Checklist

[Start Inspection](#)



Nicole Clark

Self Inspection - December 11, 2014



Before We Begin

Add all locations or assets to be included in the inspection report before continuing.

A Locations

Env Health

0100

[Room Not Listed?](#)

B Other Assets

Indicate assets to inspect here. Assets are spaces or items that require inspection but are unavailable to select as rooms.

[Add More](#)

[Continue To Inspection](#)

Nicole Clark

Self Inspection - December 11, 2014



Before We Begin

Add all locations or assets to be included in the inspection report before continuing.

Include all laboratory spaces where hazardous chemicals are stored/handled if location is not already listed



A Locations

Env Health

0100

[Room Not Listed?](#)

Clicking on "Room Not Listed" opens an LHAT dialog box



B Other Assets

Indicate assets to inspect here. Assets are spaces or items that require inspection but are unavailable to select as rooms.

Env Health 0101

Env Health 0102

Example: Fire Extinguisher RU641946

[Add More](#)



Continue To Inspection

Nicole Clark

Self Inspection - December



Be
Add all

Locations

Env Health

0100

Room Not Listed?



Clicking on
"Room Not Listed"
opens an LHAT
dialog box

Profile

- Summary
- My Training

Groups

Clark

Membership

- CORE Lab
- Environmental Health & Safety
- The Minion Lab



Nicole Clark (UC Riverside)

Switch Profile

Email [Add](#) [Preferred](#) [Remove](#)

nicole.clark@ucr.edu (preferred) ⓘ

Phone [Add](#) [Preferred](#) [Remove](#)

(951) 827-4254 (preferred)

Roles

- EH&S Admin (UC Riverside)
- Responsible Person (UC Riverside)

Groups

[New group wizard](#)

Clark

Membership

- CORE Lab (Delegate)
- Environmental Health & Safety
- The Minion Lab (Delegate)

Technology Solutions

LHAT

Enables PIs to identify laboratory hazards and PPE requirements for their lab personnel.

SIT

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WASTE

Provides tracking and tag generation to aid in proper and timely disposal of hazardous waste.

BIO

Facilitates the Biological Use Authorization application process.

RADiCAL

OHSS

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EFR

An online system that satisfies Cal-OSHA requirements for employers to document and investigate reports of workplace injury.

FSTOP

Creates a field safety and travel operational plan that reduces risks and increases safety for participants.

Nicole Clark

Self Inspection - December 1



Be

Add all

A Locations

☑ Env Health

☑ 0100

Room Not Listed?

Profile

Summary
My Training

Groups

| Clark ●

Membership

CORE Lab
Environmental Health & Safety
The Minion Lab

Clark (Nicole Clark)

People **Locations** Training Settings

⊕ Add ✎ Edit

Env Health 0100

Select "Locations" tab to view room data

Select lab group to view location information

Select "Back" to return to SIT
"Before We Begin" landing page

Nicole Clark

Self Inspection - December 1



Be

Add all

A Locations

Env Health

0100

[Room Not Listed?](#)

Profile

Summary

My Training

Groups

| Clark

Membership

CORE Lab

Environmental Health & Safety

The Minion Lab

Clark (Nicole Clark)

People

Locations

Training

Settings

[+ Add](#) [✎ Edit](#)

Env Health

0100

Nicole Clark

Self Inspection - December 11, 2014



Before We Begin

Add all locations or assets to be included in the inspection report before continuing.



A Locations

Env Health

0100

[Room Not Listed?](#)



B Other Assets

Indicate assets to inspect here. Assets are spaces or items that require inspection but are unavailable to select as rooms.

[Add More](#)



Continue To Inspection

Nicole Clark (Filter: All Locations / Assets ▼)

Self Inspection - December 11, 2014

[Manage Report](#)[Submit](#)[Print](#)

Report Notes

No report notes entered.

Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity: 0

Env Health 0101 Env Health 0102

[Add Attachment](#)

Are hazardous liquid chemicals stored in secondary spill containers?

Storage tubs or secondary spill containment must be used to minimize the distribution of material in the event a container should leak or break. Notice in your lab the secondary spill containment provided for your hazardous waste bottles. This same principle can be applied to hazardous chemical storage. Secondary spill containment must be provided for corrosive and reactive chemicals. Containment systems should have sufficient capacity to contain 110% of the total volume of stored containers. Containers that do not contain free liquids need not be considered in this determination.

Quantity: 0

Env Health 0101 Env Health 0102

[Add Attachment](#)

Nicole Clark (Filter: All Locations / Assets ▼)

Self Inspection - December 11, 2014

[Manage Report](#) | [Submit](#) | [Print](#)

Report Notes

No report notes entered.

Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated. CORROSIVE CHEMICALS PLACED ONTO LOWER SHELVES INSIDE SECONDARY SPILL CONTAINMENT.

Quantity: 2

Resolution: Finding corrected during inspection.

Env Health 0101 Env Health 0102

Yes No N/A

[Add Attachment](#)

Are hazardous liquid chemicals stored in secondary spill containers?

Storage tubs or secondary spill containment must be used to minimize the distribution of material in the event a container should leak or break. Notice in your lab the secondary spill containment provided for your hazardous waste bottles. This same principle can be applied to hazardous chemical storage. Secondary spill containment must be provided for corrosive and reactive chemicals. Containment systems should have sufficient capacity to contain 110% of the total volume of stored containers. Containers that do not contain free liquids need not be considered in this determination.

Quantity: 0

Env Health 0101 Env Health 0102

Yes No N/A

[Add Attachment](#)

Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity: 0

Yes No N/A

[Add Attachment](#)

Color coded response selection to confirm response is selected

Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity: 0

Yes No N/A

[Add Attachment](#)

Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity: 0

Yes No N/A

[Add Attachment](#)

Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Click on the checklist question to reveal additional response options

[Add Attachment](#)

Finding Description / Corrective Action:

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries.
Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity:

Save

Cancel



Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

[Add Attachment](#)

Finding Description / Corrective Action:

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries.

Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

CORROSIVE CHEMICALS HAVE BEEN RELOCATED TO A LOWER SHELF AND STORED INSIDE SECONDARY SPILL CONTAINMENT.

Describe the corrective action taken here

Quantity:

0

Save

Cancel

Save

Corrected

Select "Corrected" to indicate items corrected at time of inspection

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity: 0

Resolution: Finding corrected during inspection.

Yes

No

N/A

SIT resolves the issue and documents the finding as "corrected during inspection"

[Add Attachment](#)

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity: 0

Resolution: Finding corrected during inspection.

Use the "Add Attachment" feature to upload important photos or laboratory records to be archived within the tool.



Nicole Clark (no locations / assets added to report)

Completed

Self Inspection - December 11, 2014

[Manage Report](#) | [Print](#)

Report Notes

No report notes entered.

Use the “Add Attachment” feature to upload important photos or laboratory records to be archived within the tool.

Chemical Storage and Containment



Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?

Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.

Quantity: 0



Are hazardous liquid chemicals stored in secondary spill containers?

Storage tubs or secondary spill containment must be used to minimize the distribution of material in the event a container should leak or break. Notice in your lab the secondary spill containment provided for your hazardous waste bottles. This same principle can be applied to hazardous chemical storage. Secondary spill containment must be provided for corrosive and reactive chemicals. Containment systems should have sufficient capacity to contain 110% of the total volume of stored containers. Containers that do not contain free liquids need not be considered in this determination.

Quantity: 0

Submit completed checklist to EH&S

Safety Inspection Tool Home Help

Home / Report

Nicole Clark (no locations / assets added to report)
Self Inspection - December 11, 2014

Manage Report **Submit** Print

Report Notes

No report notes entered.

Chemical Storage and Containment

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?
Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.
Quantity: 0

Yes No N/A

Are hazardous liquid chemicals stored in secondary spill containers?
Storage tubs or secondary spill containment must be used to minimize the distribution of material in the event a container should leak or break. Notice in your lab the secondary spill containment provided for your hazardous waste bottles. This same principle can be applied to hazardous chemical storage. Secondary spill containment must be provided for corrosive and reactive chemicals. Containment systems should have sufficient capacity to contain 110% of the total volume of stored containers. Containers that do not contain free liquids need not be considered in this determination.
Quantity: 0

Yes No N/A

Add Attachment

Add Attachment

Once you have entered all a response for all of the questions, select "Submit" to forward the completed checklist to EH&S

What will my report look like?

Safety Inspection Tool Home Help

Nicole Clark
Responsible Person

↑ / Report

Nicole Clark (no locations / assets added to report) Completed

Self Inspection - December 11, 2014

Manage Report | Print

Report Notes

No report notes entered.

Major

Are corrosive chemicals stored at or below eye level (~ <60")?
Store hazardous corrosive chemicals at or below eye level (approx. <60"). This simple task greatly reduces the likelihood of something falling from above, breaking and contaminating the laboratory or causing injuries. Chemicals should not be stored above eye level so that storage circumstances can always be easily evaluated.
Quantity: 0
Resolution: Finding corrected during inspection.

Moderate

Are hazardous liquid chemicals stored in secondary spill containers?
Storage tubs or secondary spill containment must be used to minimize the distribution of material in the event a container should leak or break. Notice in your lab the secondary spill containment provided for your hazardous waste bottles. This same principle can be applied to hazardous chemical storage. Secondary spill containment must be provided for corrosive and reactive chemicals. Containment systems should have sufficient capacity to contain 110% of the total volume of stored containers. Containers that do not contain free liquids need not be considered in this determination.
Quantity: 0

Report groups findings according to risk

What do the symbols stand for?

 pending  resolved  verified  Not Resolved

 Click on this symbol to reveal report status, finding date, asset info and “corrected” radio button.

Resolve

Select “Resolve” to indicate corrective actions have been taken.

 When corrective actions have been taken and the “Resolve” button selected, the report status symbol changes.

 Finding corrected at the time of inspection and/or the corrective actions have been verified.

 Findings identified have not been resolved, verified and are no longer in pending status